# APPLICATION FOR CONSENT TO CONDUCT MARINE SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

## 1. General Information

1.1 Cruise name and/or number:	Exploration of Montserrat and Dominica (NA033) - F2013-050
1.2 Sponsoring institution(s):	

Name	Address	Name of Director
Ocean Exploration Trust	Dr. Katherine Croff Bell University of	Dr. Robert Ballard
	Rhode Island South Ferry Rd	
	Narragansett, Rhode Island 02882	

1.3 Scientist in charge of the project:		
Name:	Steven Carey	
Country:	US	
Affiliation:	University of Rhode Island/GSO	
Address:	, Rhode Island US	
Telephone:	401-874-6209	
Email:	scarey@gso.uri.edu	

1.4 Entity(ies) /Participant(s) from coastal State involved in the planning of the project:		
Name:		
Country:		
Affiliation:		
Address:	San Soction 6.2	
Telephone:	See Section 0.2.	
Fax:		
Email:		
Website (for CV and photo):		

### 2. Description of Project

### 2.1 Nature and objectives of the project:

Volcanic activity in the Lesser Antilles island arc produces large quantities of fragmental material that is being delivered to the shallow and deep marine environments. In particular, the islands of Montserrat and Dominica have been the source of massive discharges of volcanic material into the sea. Relatively little is known about the direct impacts of this process on the marine biological communities and the formation of submarine geological deposits. On Montserrat the Soufriere Hills volcano has been erupting since 1995 leading to evacuation of most of the southern part of the island. About 1 km3 of andesite magma has been erupted and much of this material has ended up in the ocean in the form of volcanic ash and debris, mostly through the mechanism of large collapses of the lava dome often accompanied by explosions. The volcanic events also included a devastating volcanic blast on 26th December 1997 that affected the west flanks of the volcano and razed two villages to the ground, sweeping the houses, their contents, and other objects such as trucks and tractors, into the sea. Theses events provide a remarkable opportunity for the application of state-of-the-art ocean exploration techniques to understand the dynamics of pyroclastic flows that are discharged into the ocean and their effects on the marine environment. The E/V Nautilus will use side-scan sonar surveys and remotely operated vehicles (ROVs) to investigate the area to southwest, south and east of Montserrat where volcanic material has entered the sea. In addition, the nature of several unexplored submarine volcanoes southeast and southwest of the Montserrat will be investigated by ROV exploration. In the area of Dominica, previous work has identified the occurrence of at least three debris avalanche deposits in the Grenada Basin that have formed by largescale collapse of the island flanks. These collapse have led to the creation of a highly irregular seafloor dominated by megablocks up to several hundred meters in diameter. The E/V Nautilus will explore and sample the blocks using ROVs in order to obtain information about the timing of the collapse events and their specific source areas on Dominica. In addition, ROV exploration will focus on the shallow offshore area of southern Dominica where submarine hydrothermal degassing has been observed and is part of a highly active seismic zone that may represent an area of future volcanic activity.

## 2.2 Relevant previous or future research projects:

Mapping and CHIRP sonar work has previously been conducted off the west coast of Montserrat to define the entrance of pyroclastic flows into the sea from the Soufriere Hills volcano (Hart et al., 2004) and the evolution of the submarine geomorphology (LeFriant et al., 2004). These data sets were compared with pre-eruption bathymetric data in order to identify areas of recent deposition and erosion. Deposition off the Tar and White River valleys was thickest nearest the coastline and deltas, and extended into deeper water up to 5 km from shore. The total volume of submarine pyroclastic deposits as of July 1998 was 73 x 106 m3 DRE. Submarine pyroclastic deposits off the Tar River valley made up more than two thirds of the total volume (55 x 106 m3 DRE) and covered an area of approximately 5.0 km2, which included the delta. The volume of submarine pyroclastic deposits in the White River area (18 x 106 m3 DRE) is probably underestimated due to the lack of precise pre-eruption bathymetric data in areas greater than 2 km from shore. In addition, Trofimovs et al. (2006) collected core samples of the submarine pyroclastic flow deposits and determined that fine grained material from the flows transformed into turbidity currents that traveled over 30 kms from the east coast of Montserrat. Offshore of Dominica, multibeam mapping and seismic profiling identified multiple debris avalanches resulting from collapse of the islands western flanks (DePlus et al., 2001). The debris avalanches were recognized based on their distinctive hummocky topography and hyperbolic reflections from 3.5 kHz echosounder data. In the Grenada basin the extent of deposits associated with collapses from Dominica is estimated at 3500 km2. No ROV explorations of this area has been previously undertaken.

### 2.3 Previous publications relating to the project:

1. Hart, K., Carey, S., Sigurdsson, H., Sparks, RSJ, and Robertson, R. (2004) Discharge of pyroclastic flows into the sea during the 1996-1998 eruptions of the Soufriere Hills volcano, Montserrat. Bulletin of Volcanology v. 66, 599-614. 2. Trofimovs, J. et al., 2006. Submarine pyroclastic deposits formed at the Soufriere Hills volcano, Montserrat (1995-2003): What happens when pyroclastic flows enter the ocean? Geology, v. 34 (7), p. 549-552. 3. Deplus, C., LeFriant, A., Boudon, G., Komorowski, J.C., Villemant, B., Harfod, C., Segoufin, J. and J.L. Cheminee, (2001). Submarine evidence for large-scale debris avalanches in the Lesser Antilles arc. Earth Planet. Sci. Lett., vol., 192, 145-157. 4. Le Friant, A., Harford, C.L., Deplus, C., Boudon, G., Sparks, R.S.J., Herd, R.A., and Komorowski, J.C., (2004) Geomorphological evolution of Montserrat (West Indies): Importance of flank collapse and erosional processes: Geological Society [London] Journal, v. 161, p. 147–160.

### 3. Geographical Areas

3.1 Indicate geographical areas in which the project is to be conducted (with reference in latitude and longitude, including coordinates of cruise track/ way points):

Montserrat/Antigua Operational Area 1: polygon defined by Lat/Long coordinates 1. 16.968690 -62.121459 2. 16.684827 -61.854429 3. 16.012146 -62.595069 4. 16.815659 -62.604461 5. 16.962626 -62.253223 Dominica Operational Area 2: polygon defined by Lat/Long coordinates 1. 15.728982 -61.498320 2. 15.438909 -61.471524 3. 15.233153 -61.395962 4. 15.069214 -61.227256 5. 14.7000 -62.3222272 6. 15.218782 -62.469016

3.2 Attach chart(s) at an appropriate scale (1 page, high-resolution) showing the geographical areas of the intended work and, as far as practicable, the location and depth of sampling stations, the tracks of survey lines, and the locations of installations and equipment. Chart provided - see Section 10.1.

#### 4. Methods and Means to be Used

4.1 Particulars of vessel:	
Name:	NAUTILUS
Type/Class:	Ship
Nationality (Flag state):	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
Identification Number (IMO/Lloyds No.):	6711883
Owner:	Humboldt Shipping
Operator:	Ocean Exploration Trust
Overall length (meters):	64.23
Maximum draught (meters):	4.90
Displacement/Gross tonnage:	1249.00
Propulsion:	single 1286 controllable pitch
Cruising:	10.00
Maximum speed:	12.00
Call sign:	J8B3605
INMARSAT number and method and capability	Inmarsat 437700078@inmc.eik.com
of communication (including emergency	
frequencies):	
Name of master:	Pavel Chubar
Number of crew:	17
Number of scientists on board:	31

4.2 Other craft in the project, including its use: None

No

4.3 Particulars of methods and scientific instruments:			
Types of samples and measurements	Methods to be used	Instruments to be used	
Acoustic seafloor, subseafloor, and water	Multibeam sonar and sub-bottom profiler	Kongsberg EM302 and Knudsen 15 kHz	
column mapping High-definition video	Underwater electronic still cameras;	SBP Remotely Operated Vehicle	
footage; CTD; Dissolved oxygen; eH	Underwater video cameras; CTD; eH	Hercules; Remotely Operated Vehicle	
probe; Geological samples (cores and grab	probe; dissolved oxygen sensor; ROV-	Argus	
samples); Biological samples; Water	deployed sediment coring; suction		
samples; Gas samples; High-resolution	sampler; Other ROV-based sampling tools		
microbathymetry; Stereo imaging;	(in development); High-frequency		
Structured light mapping; sidescan sonar	multibeam sonar; Mass spectrometry;		
_	Sidescan sonar	1	

4.4 Indicate nature and quantity of substances to be released into the marine environment:

4.5 Indicate whether drilling will be carried out. If yes, please specify: No

4.6 Indicate whether explosives will be used. If yes, please specify type and trade name, chemical content, depth of trade class and

stowage, size, depth of detonation, frequency of detonation, and position in latitude and longitude: No

# 4.7 Indicate whether protected species be studied. If yes, please specify: No

# 5. Installations and Equipment

Details of installations and equipment (including dates of laying, servicing, method and anticipated timeframe for recovery, locations and depth, and measurements): No

# 6. Dates

	6.1 Expected dates of first entry into and final departure from the research area by the research vessel and/or other platforms:			
ĺ	Project Start Date: Oct 15, 2013			
	Project End Date: Nov 05, 2015			
	6.2 Coastal State-specific details:			
ſ	Coastal Area	Estimated Entry Date	Estimated Departure Date	
ſ	Antigua and Barbuda	Oct 20, 2013	Oct 21, 2013	
ſ	Explanation of multiple entries:			
l	N/A			
l	Research will be performed: within 12 nm			
	Extent to which Antigua and Barbuda wil	l be enabled to participate or to be represen	nted in the research project:	
	Coordination is being established with the M	Iontserrat Volcano Observatory and the Seism	ic Research Center of the University of	
	West Indies (see supporting letter from Dr. J	oan Latchman, Director of SRC)		
	Name, affiliation and contact information	for all participants from coastal state Antig	gua and Barbuda:	
	Prof. R.S.J. Sparks, School of Earth Science,	, University of Bristol, UK (steve.sparks@bris	stol.ac.uk) Potential participants from the	
	Seismic Research Centre, University of the V	West Indies (Trinidad and Tobago) include: 1.	Dr. Adam Sinton (adam@mvo.ms) 2. Dr.	
ļ	Federic Dondin (fredericdondin@gmail.com	) 3. Dr. Richard Robertson (richie_robertson ·	-at- uwiseismic.com)	
ļ	Coastal Area	Estimated Entry Date	Estimated Departure Date	
ļ	Montserrat	Oct 21, 2013	Oct 25, 2013	
	Explanation of multiple entries:			
ļ	Port call for personel transfer 24, 25 OCT			
ļ	Research will be performed: within 12 nm			
	Extent to which Montserrat will be enable	ed to participate or to be represented in the	research project:	
	Coordination is being established with the M	Iontserrat Volcano Observatory and the Seism	ic Research Center of the University of	
ŀ	West Indies (see supporting letter from Dr. J	oan Latchman, Director of SRC)		
	Name, affiliation and contact information	for all participants from coastal state Mon	tserrat:	
	Prof. R.S.J. Sparks, School of Earth Science,	, University of Bristol, UK (steve.sparks@bris	stol.ac.uk) Potential participants from the	
	Seismic Research Centre, University of the V	West Indies (Irinidad and Iobago) include: 4.	Dr. Adam Sinton (adam@mvo.ms) 5. Dr.	
ŀ	Federic Donain (fredericdonain@gmail.com	b. Dr. Richard Robertson (richie_robertson -	-at- uwiseismic.com)	
ŀ	Coastal Area	Estimated Entry Date	Estimated Departure Date	
ŀ	Dominica Eastern for Michael in	Oct 25, 2013	Oct 29, 2013	
	Explanation of multiple entries:			
ŀ	N/A Degeorch will be norfermed: within 12 nm			
ŀ	Research will be performed: within 12 him	4		
	Extent to which Dominica will be enabled to participate or to be represented in the research project:			
	from Dr. Jon L atchman, Director of SPC)			
ŀ	Nome officients and contrast information for all participants from assets state Dominica			
	Prante, annuation and contact information for an participants from coastal state Dominica: Dotantial participants from the Satemic Descarsh Castra University of the Wast Indiae (Trinidad and Tabaga) includes 1. Dr. Adam			
	Sinton (adam@myo.ms) 2. Dr. Federic Dondin (fredericdondin@gmail.com) 3. Dr. Richard Robertson (richie. robertson, at			
	uwiseismic com)			
ŀ	Coastal State			
ŀ	Martinime			
	Port Call Only			
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# 7. Port Calls

Port	Arrival Date	End Date	Special Logistical Requirements	Shipping Agent
Fort de France	10/29/2013	10/30/2013	None	TBD
Plymouth	10/21/2013	10/22/2013	None	TBD

## 8. Participation of the representative of the coastal State

# 8.1 Modalities of the participation of the representative of the coastal State in the research project:

See Section 6.2.

8.2 Proposed dates and ports for embarkation/disembarkation: See Section 6.2.

# 9. Access to Data, Samples and Research Results

9.1 Expected dates of submission to coastal State of preliminary report, which should include the expected dates of submission of the data and research results:

No more than 60 days from the end date of the research as provided in Section 6.1.

9.2 Anticipated dates of submission to the coastal State of the final report: No more than 2 years from the end date of the research as provided in Section 6.1.

9.3 Proposed means for access by coastal State to data (including format) and samples: Data will be provided through official channels at no cost to the coastal State(s). Samples will be provided upon request.

9.4 Proposed means to provide coastal State with assessment of data, samples and research results: Assessment of data, samples and research results will be provided at no cost to the coastal State(s).

9.5 Proposed means to provide assistance in assessment or interpretation of data, samples and research results: Assistance in further assessment or interpretation will be provided upon request.

9.6 Proposed means of making results internationally available:

All digital data will be given to the coastal state representative on external hard drives at the conclusion of the cruise. It may take up to 1 month to provide video data because files are very large (1 TB/day video collected) and it takes a significant amount of time to copy. Some data will also be available in real-time on a web-based portal, and will be archived at the University of Rhode Island Inner Space Center for access after the cruise. Rocks and Sediment: Marine Geological Sample Lab (Graduate School of Oceanography, University or Rhode Island) Biological Specimens: Harvard Museum of Comparative Zoology Genetic Subsamples: Ocean Genome Legacy

## 10. List of Supporting Documentation

10.1 List of attachments, such as additional forms required by the coastal State, etc.:				
Attachment Type Description Attachment Submission Date				
Proposed Cruise Track	Proposed cruise working areas	2898281250_NA033Map.pdf	Apr 01, 2013	
Supplemental Material	Support Letter for proposed	3312031250_NA033 and	Apr 01, 2013	
	research	NA034 SRCSupportLetter.pdf	-	