

**NOTIFICATION OF PROPOSED RESEARCH CRUISE
(United Kingdom)**

Part A: GENERAL

1. **Name of research ship:** ALKOR, cruise AL 300
2. **Cruise dates:** 06. June 2007 - 18. June 2007
3. **A) Operating authority:** IFM - GEOMAR
Leibniz-Institut für Meereswissenschaften
Düsternbrooker Weg 20
24105 Kiel, Germany
Phone: +49 431 600 4161 / 1542
Fax: +49 431 600 4152
4. **Owner (if different from para 3)**
5. **Particulars of ship:**
Name: Alkor
Nationality: German
Overall length: 55,20 m
Maximum draught: 3,95 m
BRT: 1000 BRT
Propulsion: Diesel Electric
Call sign: DBND
IMO: 8905880
MMSI: 211216570
Phone Inmarsat: +870 764 549 982
Fax Inmarsat: +870 764 549 984
E-mail: master-b@skyfile.de
6. **Crew:**
Name of master: Jan-Peter Lass
Number of crew: 11
7. **Chief scientist:** Prof. Dr. Michael St. John
University of Hamburg
Olbersweg 24
22767 Hamburg, Germany
Phone: +49 40 42838 6600
Fax: +49 40 42838 6618
8. **Geographical area in which the ship will operate:
(with reference in latitude and longitude)**
North Sea, between 52°30'N - 55°30'N and 1°E - 5°E
9. **Brief description of purpose of cruise:**
The cruise will be conducted within the framework of the research projects:
„GLOBEC, Germany Trophische Wechselwirkung zwischen Zooplankton und Fischen
unter dem Einfluß physikalischer Prozesse“ and "UNCOVER - UNderstand the
mechanisms of stock reCOVERy" (EU FP6 TP8.1 022717).
This cruise will focus on investigating how hydrographic frontal systems in the
Southern North Sea impact on the distribution of plankton and fish, thereby also
affecting biological interactions.
10. **Names and dates of intended ports of call:** None
11. **Any special logistic requirements at ports of call:** None

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Part B: DETAILS

1. **Name of research ship:** ALKOR, cruise AL 300
2. **Cruise dates:** 06. June 2007 - 18. June 2007
3. **Purpose of research and general operational methods:**

a) Purpose of Research

The cruise will be conducted within the framework of the research projects: „GLOBEC, Germany Trophische Wechselwirkung zwischen Zooplankton und Fischen unter dem Einfluß physikalischer Prozesse“ and "UNCOVER - UNderstand the mechanisms of stock reCOVERy" (EU FP6 TP8.1 022717).

This cruise will focus on investigating how hydrographic frontal systems in the Southern North Sea impact on the distribution of plankton and fish, thereby also affecting biological interactions.

The following objectives will be addressed during the cruise:

Determine the location of the tidal fronts in the investigation area and assess their spatio-temporal variability, using the Video Plankton Recorder (VPR)

Resolve the upper micro- to upper mesoscale horizontal and vertical distribution and abundance of key zoo- and phytoplankton in frontal and adjacent non-frontal regions, using the Video Plankton Recorder (VPR) and the Remotely Operated Vehicle (ROV).

Resolve the variability in nutrients, phytoplankton and zooplankton biomass in frontal and adjacent non-frontal regions, using a water bottle sampler, a multispectral fluorescence sensor mounted on the CTD, a WP-2 zooplankton net and a multinet.

Resolve the variability in the distribution of pelagic and demersal fish and their prey deploying the Kombi-Trawl.

Quantify differences in top down effects (predation mortality) on fish larvae and juvenile fish inside and outside of frontal areas.

b) General operational methods

- Water bottles, CTD probes
- Video observation and photography of plankton organisms
- Plankton nets
- Demersal -Trawl
- Hydroacoustic recordings

4. **Attach chart showing (on an appropriate scale) the geographical area of the intended work, positions of intended stations / hydrographical sections:**

See attached map (Fig. 1)

- 5 a) **Type of samples required:**

Plankton net samples

Water bottle samples

Underwater microscopic video images from zooplankton organisms

Demersal-Trawl samples

5 b) Methods by which samples will be obtained (including dredge / core / drill techniques):

- Remotely Operated Vehicle for *in-situ* microscopic observations of plankton
- Video Plankton Recorder (VPR), continuous transect undulating tows
- Multinet (5x opening-closing net, 0.5m², 300 µm), vertical tows
- WP-2 net, (200µm ring net) vertical tows
- Bongo net (60 cm in diameter, equipped with two 335 µm nets)
- Babybongo net (20 cm diameter, equipped with 150 µm nets and a 50 µm liner)
- Multispectral fluorescence sensor (MFS) mounted on the CTD, vertical profiles
- CTD & water bottle sampler, vertical profiles
- ADCP (Acoustic doppler current profiler) continuous transects
- Demersal Trawl, using the research trawl "Kombi Trawl"
- Hydroacoustic recordings, Simrad EK 500, 38kHz, on transects
- Remotely Operated Vehicle for in-situ microscopic observations of plankton

6. Details of moored equipment: None

7. Explosives: None

8. Detail and reference of:

a) any relevant previous / future cruises:

Previous German GLOBEC cruises:

Alkor cruises 236, 237, 257, 260,

Heincke cruises 180, 211, 225, 228, 237

b) any previous published research data relating to the proposed cruise:

See attached reference sheet.

9. Names and addresses of scientists of the coastal state in whose waters the proposed cruise takes place with whom previous contact has been made:

Dr. John Pinnegar

Centre for Environment, Fisheries and Aquaculture Science

Lowestoft Laboratory, Pakefield Road, Lowestoft, Suffolk, NR33 0HT

UK

j.k.pinnegar@cefas.co.uk

10. State:

a. whether visits to the ship in port by scientist of the coastal state concerned will be acceptable:

No port call

b. whether it will be acceptable to carry on board an observer from the coastal state for any part of the cruise and dates and ports of embarkation / disembarkation:

Yes, Kiel 06. June 2007 / Kiel 18. June 2007

c. when research data from intended cruise is likely to be made available to the coastal state and if so, by what means:

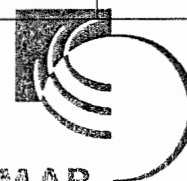
- Cruise report 3 month after finishing the research cruise
- Scientific publication within the following 3 years
- Cruise Summary Reports (fka ROSCOP) via the Deutsches Ozeanographisches Datenzentrum (DOD)

SCIENTIFIC EQUIPMENT

COASTAL STATE: UK

11. Complete the following table – include a separate copy for each coastal state (indicate „Yes“ or „No“ if applicable) :

Marine scientific equipment used	Water depth (m)	Fisheries research	Distance of research to coast in nautical miles			
			< 3 nm	3-12 nm	12-50 nm	50-200 nm
Water bottles	< 50 m	no	no	no	yes	yes
CTD casts	< 50 m	no	no	no	yes	yes
Plankton nets	< 50 m	no	no	no	yes	yes
Video Plankton Recorder	< 50 m	no	no	no	yes	yes
Remotely Operated Vehicle	< 50 m	no	no	no	yes	yes
Demersal Trawl	< 50 m	yes	no	no	yes	yes



IFM-GEOMAR

Leibniz-Institut für

Meereswissenschaften

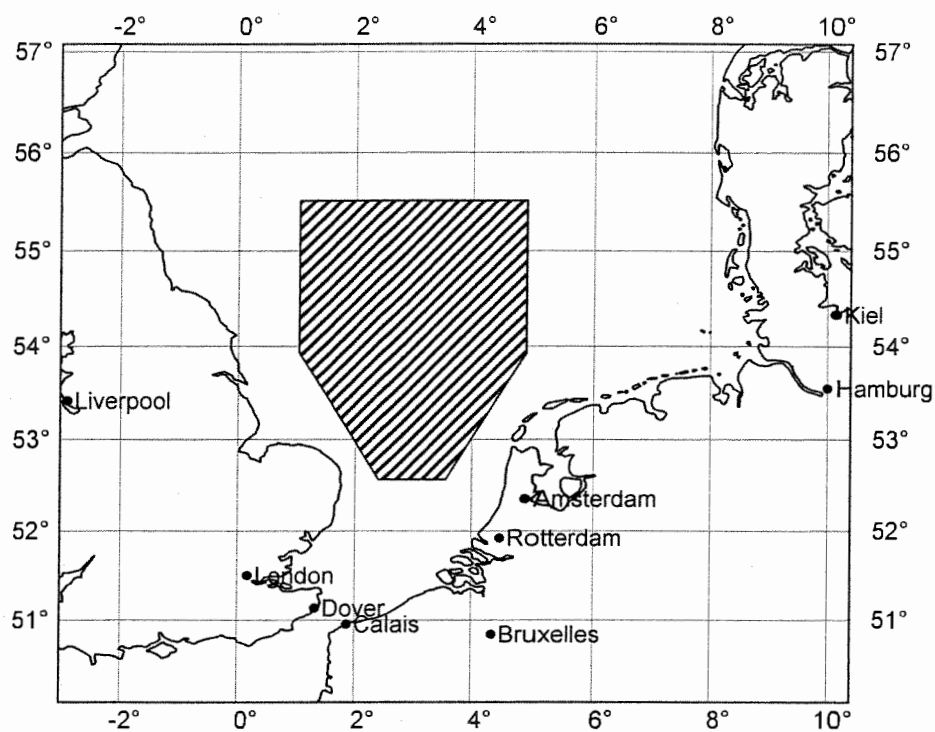
Forschungsschiffe

On behalf of the Principal Scientist

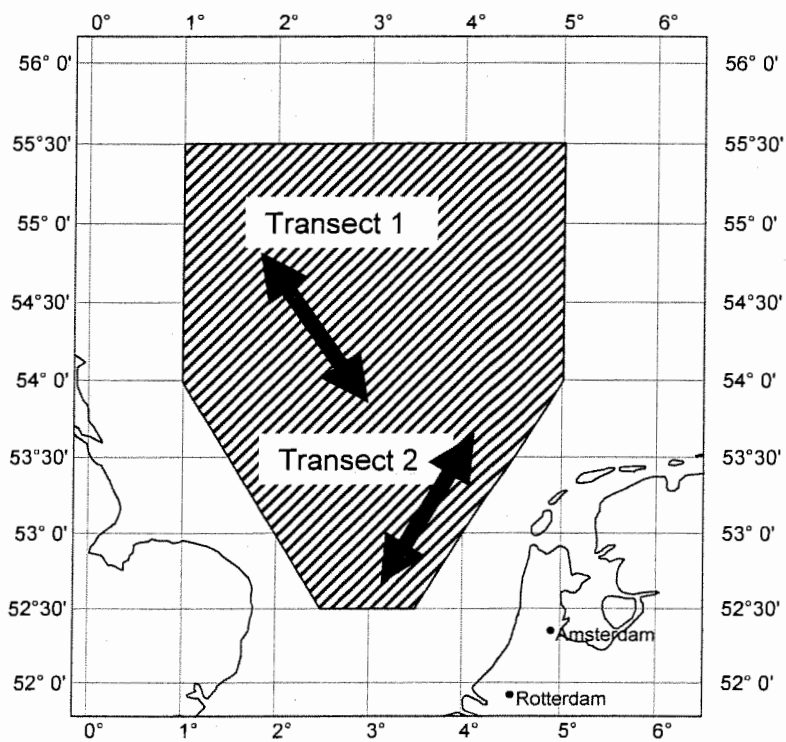
Düsternbrooker Weg 20

24105 Kiel

Dated: 22 February 2007



Source: GEBCO.



Source: GEBCO.

Fig. 1: Alkor cruise 300. Principal regions of investigations (hatched area) and transects in the area.

Appendix:

Previous published research data relating to the proposed cruise:

- Dalsgaard, J., St. John M.A., 2004: Fatty acids biomarkers: validation of food web and trophic markers using stable carbon isotope labelled fatty acids in juvenile sandeel (*Ammodytes tobianus*) IN PRESS Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Science
- Dalsgaard, J., M. St. John, G. Kattner, D. Müller-Navarra & W. Hagen, 2003: Fatty acid trophic markers in the pelagic marine environment: A synthesis of applications and critical review of suitability. *Advances in Marine Biology* 46, 226-340.
- Floeter, J., Kempf, A., Vinther, M., C. Schrum, Temming A. 2005: Grey gurnard (*Eutrigla gurnadus* (L.)) in the North Sea: an emerging key predator ? *Can J.Fish.Aquat.Sci.*, 62/8: 1853-1864.
- Floeter, J. & Temming, A., 2005: Analysis of prey size preference of North Sea whiting, saithe and grey gurnard. *ICES Journal of Marine Science*, 62: 897-907.
- Floeter, J. & Temming, A., 2003: Explaining diet composition of North Sea cod (*Gadus morhua* L.): Prey size preference vs. prey availability. *Can J.Fish.Aquat.Sci.* 60. 140-150.
- Nielsen, Morten H., St. John M.A., 2003: Inter and intra annual variations in the onset of stratification and the timing and intensity of spring bloom in the Central North Sea in the 90's *ICES Journal of Marine Science* 219: 384-386.
- Nielsen, M.H., St. John, M.A., 2001: Modelling thermal stratification in the North Sea: Application of a 2-D potential energy model.. *Est. Coast. Shelf Sci.* 53: 607-61
- Peck, M.A., Clemmesen, C., Herrmann J.-P., 2005. Ontogenic changes in the allometric scaling of the mass and length relationship in *Sprattus sprattus*. *J Fish Biol* 66:882-887
- Rückert, C., Floeter, J., A. Temming, 2002: An estimate of horse mackerel biomass in the North Sea, 1991-1997. - *ICES Journal of Marine Science*, 59: 120-130.
- Schrum, C., Siegismund F. , St. John M.A., 2003: Decadal Variations in the stratification and circulation patterns of the North Sea; are the 90's unusual? *ICES Journal of Marine Science* 219: 121-131.
- St. John, M. A., Budgell P., Nielsen, M.H., Lucas, A., 2003: Resolving variations in the timing and intensity of the Spring Bloom in the Central North Sea during the 90's: A comparison of Remote Sensing and 2-D modelling approaches. *ICES Journal of Marine Science*. 219:190- 199.