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FRV Scotia

Cruise 0408S

REPORT

15-30 April 2008

Personnel

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Objectives

- 1. To undertake a nationally co-ordinated demersal trawling survey of anglerfish on the Rockall Plateau.
- 2. To undertake counts of anglerfish and determine coral density using the Seatronics TV chariot.
- 3. To tag anglerfish with data storage tags and return them to the sea.
- 4. To obtain temperature and salinity profiles at each trawling station.

Out-turn days per project: 16 days - MF01T

Narrative

On departing from Aberdeen at 1020 on 15 April, Scotia proceeded to a location off of Peterhead where familiarisation procedures were carried out with the trawl gear and the Seatronics TV chariot. On completion of this work, the vessel then set course for the survey stations on Rockall Plateau, carrying out further training and familiarisation procedures on route.

Scotia arrived at the fishing locations at 0630 on 17 April and after surveying the potential tow with the ship's echo sounder, commenced trawling operation. Four tows were completed during the day but with strong south easterly winds continuing, the vessel was unable to deploy the underwater camera at night. Scotia then proceeded to cover the stations on the north west of the survey area over the next two days and with the weather easing during 19 April, was able to deploy the underwater camera through the night. Five stations were completed at the southern end of Rockall Plateau on 20 April with the underwater camera being deployed within a protected area of coral and on the location of the first trawl for the morning of 21 April. The vessel then worked on the south western edge of the survey area with 6

hauls and 2 camera deployments being successfully achieved (within two coral Due to unsuitable ground conditions, 2 tows were reallocated on the areas). southern area and these were completed during 23 April along with 2 programmed tows. The underwater camera was deployed within the closed coral area during the night and the vessel resumed trawling on the stations off the south east sector of the survey area. With poor weather forecast for a few days ahead, it was decided to move to an area east of Rockall where the camera was deployed along 3 proposed trawling stations in order to ensure there was no conflict with presence of coral. This was completed on the morning of 25 April and Scotia returned to trawling operations in the area west and south of Rockall but was unable to carry out camera work this time due to poor weather conditions. After completing 4 successful tows on 26 April. the opportunity was taken to carry out an additional tow in order to obtain live monkfish for tagging purposes. By the time this work was completed at 2200, the weather had improved sufficiently to allow Scotia to deploy the underwater camera in the same location. A further 4 hauls were completed east of Rockall on 27 April with the camera being deployed in an area within a closed coral box (north of Rockall). After completing the last programmed survey station at 1030 on 28 April, Scotia set course for Aberdeen, docking at 0700 on 30 April 2008.

Results

A total of 45 hauls was achieved, covering the 44 stations on the initial programme. The trawl gear performed very well and although the vessel came 'fast' on several occasions, no damage to the fishing gear was encountered. Scanmar units were used throughout the cruise to monitor headline height, wing spread, door spread, net depth and haul duration. A bottom contact sensor was attached to the trawl to provide information relating to the actual time of contact between net and seabed.

A total of 823 anglerfish were caught with the total live weight being 2288 kilograms. The number caught and weight caught (standardised to an hour) at each trawl location are shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2 respectively.

A total of 1693 megrim, weighing 508 kilograms was achieved for the cruise.

The Seatronics TV chariot was deployed at 11 locations during the survey with the sampling sites highlighted in Figure 3. Summary details of site location, hours recorded and initial observations are provided in Table 1.

One haul was successfully completed to provide live anglerfish for tagging purposes. In addition to 5 anglerfish being released with data storage tags attached, a further 3 anglers were tagged with conventional 'T' tags.

At the deep water station (960 metres) in statistical rectangle 42D3, the catch was processed fully in accordance with standing instructions in order to provide length frequency data for all species.

Temperature and salinity data were collected during each trawl by attaching a Microcat SBE37 to the headline. The ship's thermosalinigraph was used throughout the cruise to monitor surface temperature and salinity.

All data relating to Scanmar sensors, bottom contact sensors and CTD will be downloaded to FRS' computer on return to the laboratory.

Location	Zone	Hours recorde	comments
		d	
1.	Closed coral area (SW		Frequent coral, some nice patches.
57 14.49N	corner of "banana"	4.3	4 Anglers.
14 43.64W	area)		.
2.	Close coral area-	_	Sandy area, no coral observed. 3
56 21.78N	South East Rockall	5	possible angler sightings.
14 41.63N	Detection		Our constant of the big of the state of the
3.	Potential coral area –	4	Survey along fishing tow for next
56 25.38N	South Rockall	1	day. Sandy bottom – no coral, no
15 14.3100	Fishing area		Deep gree provented survey inside
4. 56 /2 /1N	South West Pockall	2	closed area so surveyed poarby
16 20 94\\/	South West Rockall	5	fishing area. No coral
5	Closed coral area –		Lots of coral sightings some very
56 05N	South Fast Rockall	7	large patches
15 45N			No anglers
6.	Closed coral area –		3 rd survey in this box. Some coral.
56 15.3N	South East Rockall	5	1 possible angler sighting.
15 01.4W		_	
7.	Potential coral area -		Survey along tow route to check for
57 10N	North East Rockall	1	coral.
13 24W			None seen.
8.	Potential coral area –		Survey along tow route to check for
57 25N	North East Rockall	1	coral.
13 05W			None seen.
9.	Potential coral area –		3 rd survey along tow route to check
57 28N	North East Rockall	1	for coral. Areas of destroyed coral
13 16W			– none live.
10.	Potential coral area –		Due to large haul of anglers during
57 09.2N	North East Rockall	1.5	day, decided to TV survey tow
13 23.2W			again for comp. None seen.
11.	Closed coral area –	_	2 ¹¹ I V survey in "banana" area.
58 04.2N	North East Rockall	5	Some coral seen.
13 35.2W			NO Anglers.

K A Coull 13 May 2008

Seen in Draft: Captain Richard Jowett, OIC, Scotia



Figure 1 0408s - Angler - number per hour





Figure 3 Location of Underwater Camera Studies



Trawl Station Positions - Rockall Monk 2008