

PROVISIONAL CRUISE REPORT

VESSEL: M L LABRAX (Southampton University, Department of Oceanography)

CRUISE LOCATION: Southampton Water. Rivers Test and Itchen

CRUISE PERIOD: 2 - 3 September 1983

PERSONNEL: K R Dyer (Principal Scientist)
A L New
A J Marks

OBJECTIVES: It is thought that internal waves may be generated by flow over topographic features in estuaries. These waves could then be advected upstream at the end of the ebb tide, break and cause mixing. The aim was to locate these internal waves by echo sounding and determine their movement during the tide.

PROCEDURE AND METHODS: Previous work in Southampton Water has shown that layers of backscattering correlated with the depth of the halocline. Consequently echo sounding at frequencies of 200 KHz (Raytheon) and 2 MHz (IOS developed) was carried out to detect internal waves. Echo sounding profiles were obtained by repeated traverses from the Bury Swinging Ground in the Test River (Figure 1) where the depth was about 13 m, into the mouth of Eling Channel, where the depth was about 2 m. At each end of the traverse a vertical profile of salinity and temperature was taken with an MC5 TS Bridge. Measurements were obtained from just before 2nd high water until about the young flood stand, halfway through the flood tide.

In the Itchen River similar measurements were taken from just above the Itchen Bridge (6 m depth) to the dredged channel off Princess Alexandra Dock (9 m depth). Between these two points there is a shallow zone of 4 m depth (Figure 2).

Position fixing throughout was by transits with beacons and shore markers.

EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE: Raytheon echosounder. Excellent.
IOS 2 MHz echosounder. This performed very well, giving good backscatter returns within the top 2 m. There was some electronic noise and interference from the Raytheon, which appeared to worsen with time. The Medelec recorder was adequate.

RESULTS:

Test River. Internal waves formed on the halocline downstream of the topographic step at about maximum ebb tide. As the current diminished the waves travelled upstream and appeared to break. Multiple layering and bifurcation of interfaces was also visible. Force 9 Westerly wind hampered operations and waves affected the records during the afternoon.

Itchen River. Similar results were visible in the Itchen, though because the stratification was less intense, the features were not as marked.

In both areas entrainment of large backscatters was visible near the bed at quite low velocities.

ITINERARY:

1 September 1983.	Personnel travelled to Southampton and loaded LABRAX.
2 September 1983. HW 0648 LW 1221 HW 1924	Sailed 0800. Commenced echosounding in Test River at 0920. Completed surveying at 1630. Returned to boatyard at 1730.
3 September 1983. HW 0818 LW 1353 HW 2041	Sailed 0900. Commenced echosounding in Itchen River at 0920. Completed surveying at 1618. Returned to boatyard at 1645. Unloaded. Returned to Taunton.

PREPARED BY:

APPROVED BY:

DATE: 10 October 1983



