

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE [NI] AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE DIVISION (Aquatic Systems Group)

CRUISE REPORT - LF1598

NEPHROPS AND BYCATCH 6-10 April 1998

PERSONNEL

Richard Briggs, PSO [SIC] Willie McCurdy, SSO Michael McAliskey, SO John Peel, ASO Gareth Greer, UUC Ronnie Snÿder, QUB

OBJECTIVES

- To collect data on spatial patterns of Nephrops of and bycatch abundance.
- To collect data to derive a length/weight relationship for Irish Sea Nephrops.
- To collect ovigerous Nephrops for fecundity estimates.
- To assess the prevalence of the parasite Hematodinium in Nephrops catches.
- To Collect data and samples of sprat and herring for a population / feeding study.
- To record quantities of marine litter in trawl catches.

METHODS

Hauls of 60 minutes duration were completed at each station. The gear was the same as was used in earlier cruises and was a custom made *Nephrops* net of nominal mesh size 50mm throughout. Catch bulk was quantified by counting baskets filled from the catch. Sample baskets of catch were sorted to provide an assessment of species composition. The *Nephrops* in each sub-sample were divided into male and female components and the ovary maturity stage of female animals noted. Carapace length frequency distributions of both male and female *Nephrops* were measured and the number of recently moulted (soft shelled) animals counted. Whole animals were examined for the prevalence of the parasitic dinoflagellate *Hematodinium*. Ovigerous females were preserved in 4% formalin for future egg counts. The contribution of finfish in catches was quantified and their length compositions measured. Stratified sampling procedures were similar to those used during DANI groundfish surveys.

NARRATIVE

Sunday 5 April:

Following a safety brief by the Fishing Master RV Lough Foyle sailed at 23h.00 in order to arrive on the Nephrops grounds by the following morning.

Monday 6 April:

The net was shot at 07h.16 at station 106 in fine weather conditions. This was followed by stations 200, 105, 104, 103 and 102. The night was spent drifting in the vicinity of station 207.

Tuesday ? April:

Station 207 was followed by stations 8, 107, 7, 10, 20, and 17. The night was spent drifting off the west coast of the Isle of Man. Weather fine.

Wednesday 8 April:

Stations 208, 209, 109, 35, 2 and 1 were fished in clear weather conditions. As this completed the scheduled stations for the survey RV Lough Foyle set course for Belfast, docking at 20h.00.

RESULTS

During the cruise 19 stations were sampled as indicated in Figure 1 and Table 1. Table 2 shows data on the *Nephrops* catch by station. Female *Nephrops* carrying eggs in an advanced state of development were preserved in 4% formalin for future fecundity studies. Infection levels by *Hematodinium* were 14.2 % in females and 9.5% in males (average 11.9%). These data are summarised in Figure 2. As noted in 1997 infection appears to be confined to juvenile *Nephrops*. Data on *Nephrops* length:weight relationship were collected from intact animals from a range of sizes. Data for male *Nephrops* are presented in Figure 3 and give a preliminary relationship:

Weight = $0.0003CL^{3.287}$

This is similar to the relationship used by ICES which was derived for Scottish stocks by Pope and Thomas (1955):

Weight = $0.0003CL^{3.21}$

More data are required for female *Nephrops* and from large (>35mmCl) and small (<21mm CL) male animals before a new Irish Sea relationship can be proposed.

The predominant by-catch species was whiting, Merlangius merlangus and Table 3 shows the amounts of Nephrops, cod, whiting, hake, haddock, herring, sprat and other fish caught at each station. Unusual species seen during the cruise were an electric ray, Torpedo nobilana (Station 103); a tompot blenny, Parablennius gattorugine (Station 102) and a common skate, Raja batis (Station 10). Samples of sprat and herring were frozen for future investigations.

In addition to contributing to the DANI time series data base on *Nephrops*, information—from this cruise will contribute to two EU funded projects on *Nephrops* (DGXIV- 95/015 & DGXIV- 95/086).

Reference

Pope, J. and Thomas, H.J. 1955. Some biometric observations on *Nephrops norvegicus* (L).1CES,CM 1955/K:180 (muneo)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Captain Hughes, Officers and Crew of RV Lough Foyle are thanked for their enthusiastic cooperation throughout the cruise. The scientific personnel are congratulated on their dedication to duty throughout the cruise.

R. P. Brigg

A. Hughes (Seen in draft)

JIT Hyls

9 April 1998

Figure 1

LE1598: Map of stations traviled

LF1598: Map of stations trawled. (tow length proportional to arrow length)

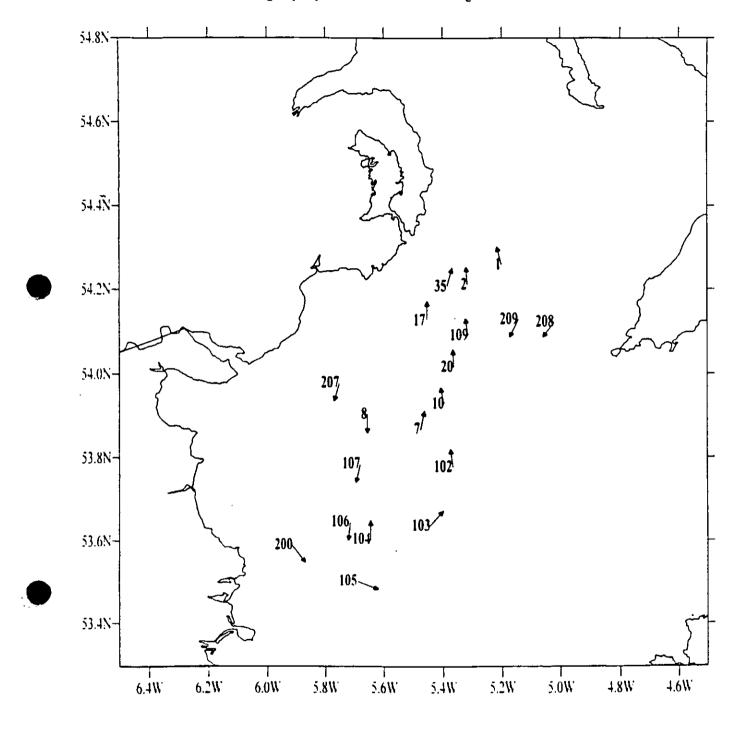
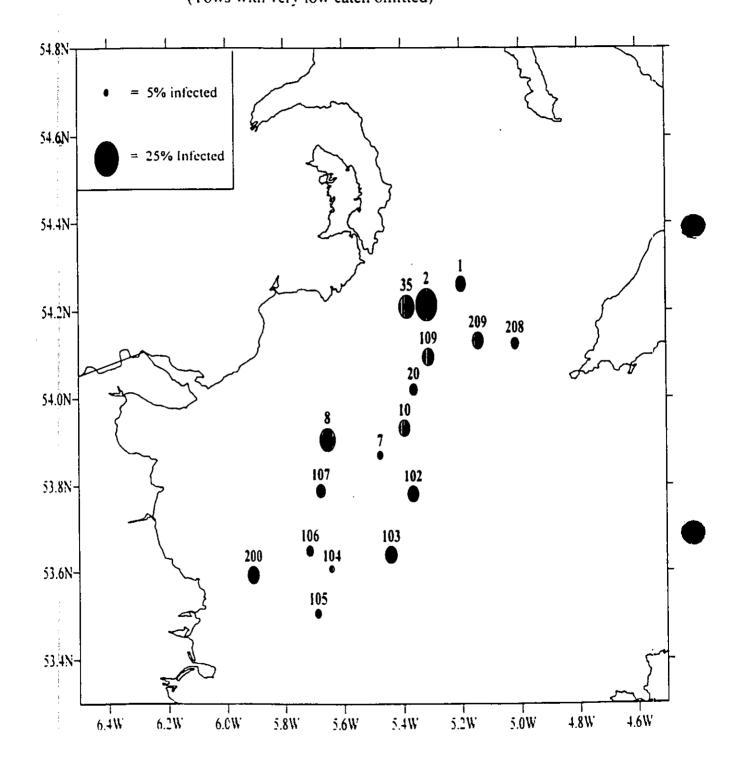


Figure 2

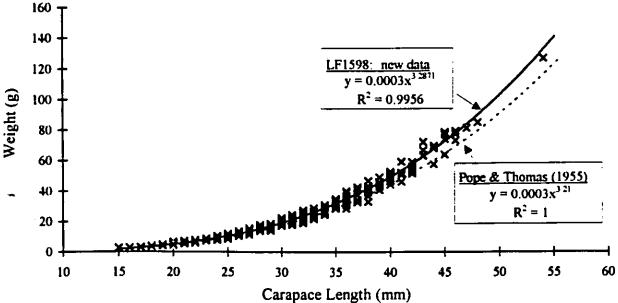
Prevalence of Hematodinium at each station. See Table 1 for data (Tows with very low catch omitted)



_ .

Figure 3

Length: Weight relationship for male Nephrops comparing cruise data
with data published by Pope & Thomas as used by ICES



<u>Table 1</u>
Station positions LF1598

		Mean	Lattitude IN		Longitu	de IN	Lattitud	e OUT	Longitude OUT	
TOW	STN	Depth(m)	Degree	Mins.	Degree	Mins.	Degree	Mins.	Degree Mins.	
1	106	76.5	53	38.93	5	42.99	53	36.34	5 43.24	
2	200	45.0	53	35.54	5	54.69	53	33.07	5 52.40	
3	105	74.5	53	30.28	5	41.41	53	29.13	5 37.17	
4	104	92.0	53	36.39	5	38.61	53	39.07	5 38.66	
5	103	96.0	53	38.36	5	26.51	53	40.51	5 23.96	
6	102	92.0	53	46.85	5	22.01	53	49.48	5 22.47	
7	207	51.0	53	58.86	5	45.07	53	56.32	5 46.02	
8	8	90.0	53	54.37	5	39.29	53	51.64	5 39.48	
9	107	84.0	53	47.29	5	40.73	53	44.65	5 41.70	
10	7	99.0	53	52.25	5	28.58	53	54.77	5 27.77	
111	10	97.5	53	55. 9 2	5	23.66	53	58.43	5 24.45	
12	20	102.0	54	1.19	5	21.81	54	3.60	5 21.99	
13	17	58.5	54	7.78	5	27.45	54	10.25	5 27.23	
14	208	79.5	54	7.53	5	1.10	54	5.49	5 3.53	
15	209	120.0	54	7.91	5	8.57	54	5.48	5 10.34	
16	109	96.0	54	5.68	5	18.76	54	8.16	5 19.47	
17	35	50.0	54	12.58	5	23.11	54	15.12	5 22.14	
18	2	62.5	54	12.86	5	19.06	54		5 19.34	
19	t	54.0	54	15.65	5	12.01	54	18.28	5 13.16	

Table 2
Nephrops data by station

TOW	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
STATION	106	200	105	104	103	102	207	8	107	7
MALE CL	21.9	28.7	30.4	25.6	27.0	27.6	26.3	24.1	25.5	27.7
FEMALE CL	21.7	24.5	25.9	22.2	22.2	23.1	24.1	22.1	22.0	23.6
No per Nm	3297	110	672	6889	317	555	36	2776	1647	1723
kg per Nm	33.40	1.82	14.23	70.66	4.37	7.68	0.43	25.57	19.15	25.56
% female	37.89	24.19	30.62	44.36	38.65	32.14	44.64	37.52	28.61	27.91
% Hem Males	8.47	10.64	4.30	5.34	11.89	8.10		16.52	9.76	4.14
% Hem Females	7.22	20.00	12.39	5.80	13.99	19.66		16.50	9.57	11.65
% Hem Overall	8.00	12.90	6.78	5.54	12.70	11.81		16.51	9.70	6.23

TOW	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
STATION	10	20	17	208	209	109	35	2	1
MALE CL	26.3	27.6	25.4	26.1	28.2	26.2		25.0	25.6
FEMALE CL	23.0	23.3	24.6	23.4	22.4	22.9		22.5	21.9
No per Nm	2447	447	23	5144	131	3671		825	690
kg per Nm	28.24	6.98	0.60	62.94	1.96	45.29	0.40	9.48	7.39
% female	36.34	25.62	40.91	34.39	30.26	36.38		37.64	37.14
% Hem Males	12.26	6.22		7.07	9.09	10.96	20.00	19.64	9.09
% Hem Females	10.74	15.66		11.66	19.05	16.17	13.20	28.40	14.84
% Hem Overall	11.71	8.64		8.65	12.10	12.85	16.60	22.94	11.22

shaded = Insufficient Catch for a normal sample

Table 3
Catch (kg) per nautical mile of tow

	CTN			1300.50				6	04
TOW	STN	Nep	Cod	Whit	Hake	Had	Herr	Sprat	Other
1	106	33.4	2.7	9.7	0.9	15.3	0.0	0.0	57.6
2	200	1.8	3.0	127.8	0.1	55.7	2.5	0.0	112.4
3	105	14.2	4.0	86.2	0.0	18.5	0.0	0.0	166.6
4	104	70.7	3.1	20.5	0.1	4.0	0.0	0.0	17.1
, 5	103	4.4	10.9	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.7
6	102	7.7	1.7	8.8	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	3.9
. 7	207	0.4	2.2	55.4	2.0	0.4	0.1	0.0	54.9
8	8	25.6	4.0	45.8	0.3	8.1	0.0	0.0	25.4
9	107	19.1	5.1	47.9	1.2	18.7	0.1	0.0	17.9
10	7	25.6	0.8	9.4	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	3.5
11	10	28.2	1.0	10.5	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	8.3
12	20]	7.0	5.4	13.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.3
13	17	0.6	4.3	67.5	1.8	9.6	0.2	0.0	31.1
14	208	62.9	8.2	45.1	0.2	16.1	0.0	0.0	25.2
15	209	2.0	2.6	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	8.5
16	109	45.3	5.7	29.4	1.2	2.3	0.0	0.0	17.2
17	35	0.4	5.2	74.1	8.1	2.7	0.6	0.1	37.2
18	2	9.5	4.8	67.3	1.7	12.2	0.7	0.0	53.4
19	1	7.4	0.0	20.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.3

1700